

Public interest was again focused on achievements of the Lloyd family in the field of Pharmaceutical Chemistry when civic bodies of Cincinnati and medical and pharmaceutical interests joined in a tribute to **Dr. John Thomas Lloyd**, son of the late Dr. John Uri Lloyd. The occasion was the dedication, on Friday, October 21st, of a laboratory opened by Dr. Lloyd at 412 Central Ave., Cincinnati, for research and development of American plant drugs.

Civic bodies, including the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce, and a number of medical and scientific societies were prominently represented in the activities arranged for the occasion. Mayor James G. Stewart, of Cincinnati, and Governor A. B. Chandler, of Kentucky, a personal friend of the Lloyd family, had leading places on the program. Leaders in Medicine and Pharmaceutical Chemistry accepted invitations to be in Cincinnati to participate in the unique tribute, among whom was Dr. J. Leon Lascoff, president of the A. P. H. A.

While most of the program centered at Dr. Lloyd's laboratory, a civic dinner in his honor was planned by the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce, at a leading hotel. There was a reception at the new Lloyd laboratory, followed by dancing. Dedication exercises took place at three o'clock, Earl F. Metcalfe presiding. Following an invocation by Rev. Frank H. Nelson, Rector of Christ Church, there was an address of welcome by Mayor Stewart, to whom Mr. Metcalfe turned over the chairmanship of the occasion. Dr. George D. Beal, research director at Mellon Institute, Pittsburgh, delivered an address on "The Blank Page;" Dr. Martin H. Fischer, of the faculty of the Medical College of the University of Cincinnati, on "The Other Half of the Blank Page." Governor Chandler also spoke.

OBITUARY.

CHARLES M. BUNDY.

Charles M. Bundy, of Indianapolis, Ind., died unexpectedly in Mackinac, Mich. He gained his first experience with W. B. McCullough in Franklin, Indiana, and studied in the Cincinnati and Louisville Colleges of Pharmacy. He engaged with Eli Lilly & Co. as superintendent. Afterward he accepted a position with the Uphohn Co., and in 1902 went with the Pittsburgh Physicians' Supply Co. and resigned to take charge of the labora-

tory of Allaire Woodward & Co. at Peoria, Ill., and thereafter formed his own company. He was a member of the AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION.

LILLIAN M. POSSEHL.

Mrs. John J. Possehl, of Milwaukee, Wis., died on August 30th, aged sixty-six years. Funeral services were conducted on Friday, September 2nd, at the Church of the Redeemer, interment being in Union cemetery. Mr. Possehl is a member of the AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION.

WALTER A. WOEHNER.

Walter A. Woehner, member of the A. P. H. A. and head of the Great Falls Drug Co., Great Falls, Mont., met sudden death on September 4th from exposure to acid fumes in a public building in Great Falls, the fumigation of which he was superintending and which he entered for inspection before the fumes had been entirely dissipated.

Mr. Woehner was vice-president of the Montana Board of Pharmacy, a graduate of the University of Montana School of Pharmacy, and active in civic work. In July he was active in entertaining druggists at the State Association's convention, and in August attended the convention of the National Association Boards of Pharmacy, Minneapolis, being elected third vice-president of that organization and chairman of Section 7.

Surviving are his widow and two brothers, Albert and Fred, Jr.

BOOK NOTICES AND REVIEWS.

Qualitative Analysis for Students of Pharmacy and Medicine, by CHARLES B. JORDAN, Ph.C., M.S., D.Sc., and HENRY GEORGE DEKAY, Ph.D. Second Edition, 178 pages. Published by McGraw-Hill Book Co., New York City. Price, \$2.50.

This book has been written after several years of teaching the subject to students of Pharmacy and Medicine. Professor Jordan, Dean of the school of Pharmacy and Professor of Pharmaceutical Chemistry at Purdue University, La Fayette, Indiana, first presented the book in mimeograph form in 1924, to students of Qualitative Analysis at that university. After being tested and corrected the First Edition appeared in 1928. Since its issuance, new scientific facts have developed as well as the